DRAC, P.; JAGER, J.; MAGURSKY, V.

Gestation changes of the pelvic ligaments and their relation to vaginal and uterine prolapse. Cesk. gym. 26[40] no.6:418-421 J1 '61.

1. I gym. por. klin. UJEvP v Brne, prednosta prof. MUDr. L.Hatlasek, OUNZ Jesenik, OUNZ Martin.

(PREGNANCY physiol.) (PELVIS physiol.)

(UTERINE PROLAPSE etiol.)

DRAC, P.; SLADEK, M.; KOUKAL, J.; KYPR, Z.

Shirodkarov's operation in threatened abortion and premature labor. Cesk. gyn. 28 no.5:316-322 Je 163.

1. I gyn.-por. klin. lek. fak. UJEvP v Brne, prednosta prof. dr.
L. Havlasek Gyn.-por. odd. I. mest. nemocnice v Brne, vedouci
MUDr. M. Nemec.

(ABORTION, THREATENED) (PREGNANCY COMPLICATIONS)

(LABOR) (INFANT, PREMATURE) (VAGINA)

DRAC, P.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

SLADEK, M., MD; DRAC, P., MD.

First Obstetrics-Gynecological Clinic UJEvP (I. porodnicko-gynekologicka klinika UJEvP), Brno

Prague, Prakticky lekar, No 9, 1963, pp 326-327

"Method of Contraception with Views on the Use of Pessary Jelly."

PONTUCH, F.; GAZAREK, F.; DRAC, P.; POKORNY, J.; UHER, M.; HRADECKY, L.; KOHOUTEK, M.; ZIDEK, J.; CECH, E.; CERVENKA, J.; NEMEC; NOVAKOVA, J.

Perinatal mortality in premature labor. Cesk. gynek. 29 no.6:459-466 Ag '64.

1. I. gyn.-por. klin. Lek. fak. University Komenskeho v
Bratislave (prednosta prof. dr. S. Stefanik); Gyn.-por.
klin. Lek. fak. Palackeho University v Olomouci (prednosta
doc dr. F. Gazarek, CSc.); Gyn.-por. odd. Mestskeho ustavu
narodniho zdravi v Brne (veduci MUDr. Nemec); I. gyn.-por.
klin. Lek. Fak. University J.E. Purkyne v Brne (prednosta
prof. dr. L. Havlasek [deceased]); II. gyn.-por. klin. Lek.
fak. University J.E. Purkyne v Brne (prednosta doc. dr. M. Uher,
CSc.); Gyn.-por. klin. Lek. fak. Karlovy University v Plzni
(prednosta prof. dr. V. Mikolas); I. gyn.-por. klin. Fak. vseob.
lek. Karlovy University v Prahe (prednosta prof. dr. K. Klaus,
DrSc.); Gyn.-por. klin. Lek. fak. University P.J. Safarika v
Kosiciach (prednosta doc. dr. K. Poradovsky, CSc.).

NEMEC, M.; DRAC P.; SEKALA, M.

Does influenza have an influence on premature labor? Cesk. gynek. 29 no.6:567-569 Ag '64.

1. Gyn.-por. odd. I. mest. nemocnice Mestskeho ustavu narodniho zdravi v Brne (vedouci MUDr. M. Nemec) a Statisticke odd. Krajskeho narodneho vyboru v Brne (vedouci inz. M. Sekala).

DRAC, P.

New ovulation-inducing drugs. Ceak. gynek. 30 no.8:630 0 165.

YUGOSLAVIA

DRACA, P., M. ILIC, and G. MRVOS, Birth Clinic (Klinika za Porodiljstvo), Faculty of Veterinary Mcdicine (Veterinar-ski Fakultet), Belgrade.

"A Case of Urolithiasis in a Female Dog."

Eelgrade, Veterinarezi Glasnik, Vol 17, No 6, 1963, pp 551-553.

Abstract: /Authors' German summary modified/ This rare case in a female dog eight years old was diagnosed definitively through laparotomy. The operation involved Vesicotomia dorealis s. superior. The dog patient was pronounced healed and healthy after 10 days.

Photograph, eight references (mainly German).

11/1

YUGOSLAVIA

V. MILJKOVIC, N. MLADENOVIC, P. DRACA, G. MRVOS, V. JOVANOVIC, D. NIKODIJEVIC, V. STOJADINOVIC and A. DAVIDOVIC, Clinic for Reproduction Sterility and Artificial Insemination of Veterinary Faculty (Klinika za rorodiljstvo, sterilitet i vestacko osemenjavanje Veterinarskog fakulteta) Belgrade.

"Ten Years of Artificial Insemination of Cattle in Serbia."

Belgrade, Veterinarski Glasnik, Vol 17, No 4, 1963; pp 315-322.

Abstract [German summary modified]: Gratified review of excellent results achieved with artificial insemination in Serbian and Yugoslav cattle. In Yugoslavia in 1961, 783,875 cows were inseminated by 608 bulls from 42 artificial insemination centers. Detailed statistical data by 7 breeds; 13 Serbian centers; many technical details and comments. One urgent need now is for a specialized national scientific journal dealing with bovine sterility and artificial insemination. Eighteen Yugoslav references.

1/1

KOVACEV, M., habil, dr.; DRACA, P., dr.; GAVANSKI, K., dr.

Pros and cons of vaginal examination in labor. Med.Glas. 17 no.11/12:458-460 N-D 163.

1. Glavna nokrajinska bolnica u Novom Sadu - Ginekoloskoporodajno pdeljenje (Nacelnik: prim. dr. S. Durisic).

DRACA, Petar; GAVRILOVIC, Zivojin

Pelvic dimensions in women in Voivodina. Med. pregl. 17 no.8: 425-428 164

l. Klinika za ginekologiju i akuserstvo Klinicke bolnice u Novom Sadu (Nacelnik: Prof. dr. Slavko Djurisic); Zavod za biologiju Medicinskog fakulteta u Novom Sadu (Sef: Doc. dr. Zivojin Gavrilovic).

DRACA, Fetar

The role of the forceps in modern obstetrics. Med. pregl. 17 no.10:571-575 *64.

1. Klinika za ginekologiju i akuserstvo Klinicke bolnice u Novom Sadu (Nacelnik: Prof. dr. Slavko Djurisic).

30(1) YUG/1-59-3-3/57

AUTHOR: Drače, Džemal, Engineer and State Consultant (Beograd)

TITLE: Economic Trends in 1958 and the Economic Development Plan for 1959 (Kretanje privrede u 1958 godini i plan

privrednog razvoja za 1959 godinu). Agriculture

(Poljoprivreda).

PERIODICAL: Tehnika, 1959, Nr 3, pp 354-358 (YUG)

ABSTRACT: The article reviews the 1958 agricultural production by individual and cooperative farms, increases in the

production of certain branches of agriculture and details and figures of the 1959 plan which calls for increased mechanization, greater consumption of fertilizers and big investments for various melioration works, i.e. Danube-Tisa-Danube hydrosystem, in Macedonia, in the Kosovo-Metohija region and in Montenegro. Agricultural

production in 1958 shows a marked increase in the

production of certain branches of agriculture, in spite

Card 1/3

YUG/1-59-3-3/57 Economic Trends in 1958 and the Economic Development Plan for 1959. Agriculture.

of unfavourable weather. This increase was due to the application of new technological methods and the import of Italian wheat which proved suitable for domestic soil and climatic conditions. In 1958 the consumption of fertilizers was nearly 1,200,000 tons. In 1957 and 1958 agriculture received 16,000 new tractors, 1,100 wheat combines and over 54,000 tons of auxiliary machinery and equipment. The 1959 plan emphasizes the development of 2 main agricultural branches, crops and sheep-raising. 6,600 new tractors, 1,500 new combines and 37,000 tons of auxiliary agricultural machinery will be purchased from domestic and foreign sources. By the end of 1959 agriculture will have a total of 31,000 tractors, and about 3,500 combines. In 1959 the consumption of fertilizers is expected to reach 1,500,000 tons. The supplies of basic materials will be drawn mainly from foreign sources

Card 2/3

Economic Trends in 1958 and the Economic Development Plan for 1959.

while it is hoped that the increased domestic production of agricultural equipment will satisfy most of the needs. The big imports point to the necessity for a rational use of imported materials which can best be achieved by encouraging cooperation between individual farmers and their "zadruga" (producers cooperatives). There are 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Savezni zavod za privredno planiranje (Federal Institute

SUBMITTED:

December 11, 1958.

Card 3/3

DRACE, Dzemal, ing. (Beograd, Kneza Milosa 20)

Agricultural production and its conditions in 1961. Tehnika Jug 17 no.1:9-14 Ja 162.

1. Drzavni savetnik u Saveznom savodu sa privredno planiranje, Beograd.

(Yugoslavia-Agriculture)

DRACE, Dzemal, inz., drzavni savetnik (Save Kovacevica 3, I ulaz, Beograd)

Production and consumption of artificial fertilizers. Tehnika Jug 17 no.5:821-828 My 162.

1. Savezni zavod za privredno planiranje, Beograd.

DRACE, Dzemal, inz. (Beograd, Save Kovacevica 3)

Conditions and prospects of agricultural production in 1963. Tehnika Jug 18 no.3:416-422 Mr *63.

1. Drzavni savetnik u Saveznom zavodu za privredno planiranje, Beograd.

RUMANIA/Cultivated Plants - Grains.

11-4

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1950, 30251

Author

: Dracea, I., Carausu, V.

Inst

: Rumanian Academy, Baza Timisoara

Title

: Regionalization of Rice Varieties in the Western Part of

the Rumanian People's Republic.

Orig Pub

: Studii și corcetari stiint, Acad. RFR, Baza Timispara. Ser.

stiinte agric, 1956, 3, No 3-4, 145-173.

Abstract

: Comparative testing of 60 varieties and stains of different origins in the rayons of Timishor Zabrani and Salont which took place in 1951-1955 is described in this paper. A classification of varieties, according to how early they ripen and also in accordance with the quality of the

grain is given. The vest varieties are indicated.

Card 1/1

- 52 -

complexometric determine of the complex control of the con	mination of phosphorus.	Zhur.anal.khim. 16 (MIRA 14:9)
1. Franko L'vov State	University. (PhosphorusAnalys	is)
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ZEMLYANSKIY, M.I.; PRIB, O.A.; DRACH, B.S.

Reaction of potassium 0,0-dialkyldithicphosphates with aromatic sulfonyl chlorides. Zhur. ob. khim. 31 no.3:880-883 Mr 161.

1. Lieovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Sulfonyl chloride) (Phosphorodithicic acid)

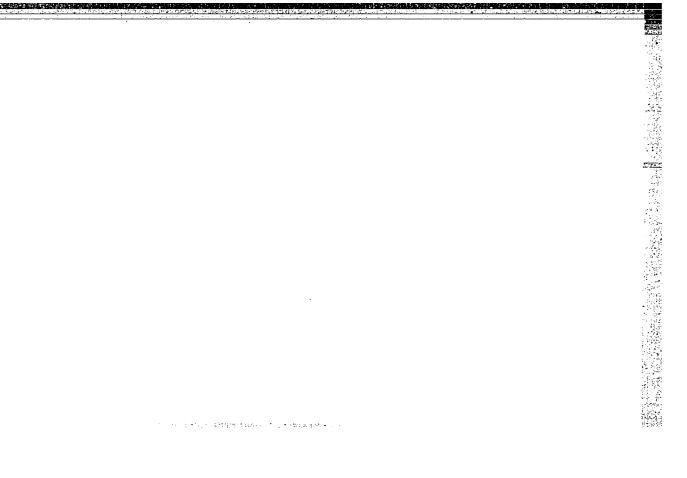
ZEMLYANSKIY, N.I.; DRACH, B.S.; prinimali uchastiye: GOLECHEK, A.A.; YURZHENKO, S.A.

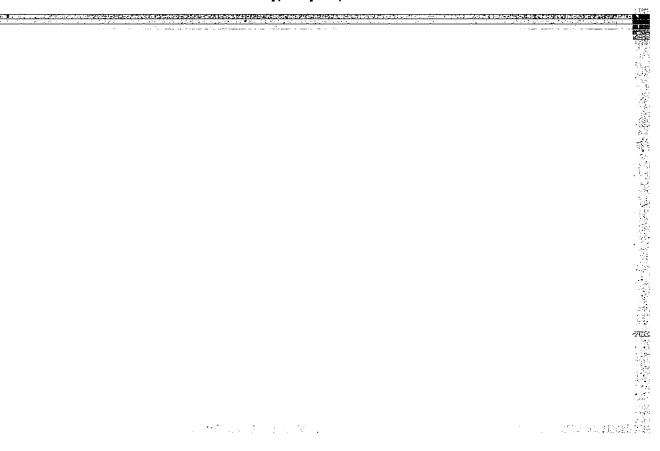
Synthesis of salts of some 0,0-diaryldithiophosphoric acids. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.6:1962-1966 Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)
(Phosphorodithioic acid)

ZHMUROVA, I.N.; DRACH, B.S.

Trichlcrophosphazo alkyls. Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no. 5:1444-1446 My '64. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UVrSSR.





ZHMUROVA, I.N.; DRACH, B.S.

Trichlorophosphazo alkyls. Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.9:3055-3060 S '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

ZHMUROVA, I.N.; DRACH, B.S.; KILSANOV, A.V.

Chlorination of hydrocarbon radicals of aliphatic trichlorophosphazo compounds by phosphorus pentachloride. Ukr.khim.zhur. 31 no.2:223-224 165. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

L 21761-66 EWT(m) RM ACC NR: AP6012649 SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/65/035/002/0344/0350 Zhmurova, I. N.; Drach, B. S.; Kirsanov, A. V. ORG: Institute of Organic Chemistry, AN UkrSSR (Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR) TITLE: Acid chlorides of trichlorophosphazo-trichlorophosphazo-alpha-carboxyalkyls SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 35, no. 2, 1965, 344-350 TOPIC TAGS: amino acid, chlorination, organic phosphorous compound, chloride, phosphorous chloride ABSTRACT: When, two or more moles of phosphorus pentachloride react with α -aminoacids | acid chlorides of trichlorophosphazo-α-carboxylalkyls are obtained. In most cases the phosphazo-reaction is accompanied by chlorination of the alkyl group of the amino acid, where usually not less than two chlorine atoms are in the alkyl group. The mean values of atomic refractions of nitrogen for acid chlorides of trichlorophosphazo-qcarboxyalkyls and trichlorophosphazoalkyls were calculated. Orig. art. has: 9 formulas and 2 tables. [JPRS] SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 12Dec63 / ORIG REF: 007 / OTH REF: 003 UDC: 547.466+546.185*131

ZHMUROVA, I.N.; DRACH, B.S.; KIRSANOV, A.V.

Hydrolysis and acidolysis of trichlorophosphaze alkyls and trichlorophosphaze- α -carboxyl alkyl chlorides. Zhur. ob. khim. 35 no.6:1018-1022 Je '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AM UkrSSR.

L 04843-67 EWP(j)/EWT(m) RM	
ACC NR: AP7000244 - SOURCE CODE: UR/D079/66/036/004/0760/0760	
AUTHOR: Kozlov, E. S.; Drach, B. S.	
ORG: Institute of Organic Chemistry, AN SSSR (Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR)	
"Some Conversions of Trichlorophosphazomethyl Dimer"	
Moscow, Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, Vol 36, No 4, 1966, p 760	
Abstract: Trichlorophosphazomethyl dimer is converted by photochemical chlorination to trichlorophosphazotrichloromethyl monomer — the most simple representative of the trichlorophosphazotrichloromethyl monomer is treated with sulfur dioxide or an equimolar amount of formic acid, the known N-dichlorophosphonyliminophosgene is formed in quantitative yield. The dimer of trichlorophosphazomethyl is readily <u>fluorinated</u> by antimony trifluoride and gives the previously difficulty accessible 2,2,2,4,4,4-hexafluoro-l,3-dimethyloyloodiphosphazane in high yield. The authors thank A. V.	And desired the Tennes of the second of the
Kirsanov for assistance and advice in this work. [JPRS: 37,177]	
TOPIC TAGS: chlorinated organic compound, fluorinated organic compound, organic azo compound	
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FEL'DMAN, Kh.I., kand. med. nauk; PREYS, G.R.; DRACH, G.S.

Meckel's diverticulum and intestinal invagination. Kaz. med. zhur. no.6:57-58 '62. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Klinika khirurgii detskogo vozrasta (zav. - doktor med. nauk A.R. Shcurinok) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta na baze khirurgicheskogo otdela detskoy spetsializirovannoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - T.P. Novikova).

DRACH, G.S.

Hemorrhagic ulcer of Meckel's diverticulum in children.

(MIRA 17:9)

Khirurgiia 39 no.10:67-72 0 '63.

1. Iz kliniki khirurgii detskogo vozrasta (zav.- prof. A.R. Shurinok) na baze Gorodskoy spetsializirovannoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach T.P. Novikova), Kiyev.

DRACH, L.Ye.

Exhaustion of acid vapors from pickling baths. Mashinostroitel' no.1:33 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:2) (Metals—Pickling—Safety measures)

EYBER, N.S.; DRACH, V.I.

Evaluation of new simple methods for determining the bursting of waters. Akush. i gin. no.1:76-78 '63. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Iz kafedry akusheratva i ginekologii (zav. - prof. A.M. Foy) Lechebnogo fakul'teta Saratovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

DRACH, Ye. M.

Penicillin - Therapeutic Use

Penicillin treatment of calves affected by lobar pneumonia complicated by sepsis., Veterinariia, 29, no. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953. Unclassified.

ZINCHENKO, A.; DRACH, Yo; KUTSEL', Yo.

Using biogenis stimulants in fattening cattle. Mias.ind.SSSR 27 no.1:53-56 156. (MLRA 9:6)

1. Starshiy vetvrach Ministerstva promyshlennosti myasnykh i molochnykh produktov USSR (for Zinchenko). 2. Glavnyy vetvrach Karlovskoy veterinarnoy lechebnitsy Poltavskoy oblasti (for Drach). 3. Glavnyy vetvrach Ukrglavskotootkorma (for Kutsel').

(Beef cattle--Feeding and feeding stuffs)

USSR / General Problems of Pathology. Transplantation U-2 of Tissues and Tissue Therapy.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 15, 1958, 70736.

Author : Drach F. M.

Inst: Not given.

Title : Tissue Therapy in Actinomycosis.

Orig Pub: Sots. tvarinnitstvo, 1957, No 9, 58-59.

Abstract: Treatment of actinomycosis of large horned cattle and pigs was made by subcutaneous injection of cattle and horse blood preserved for seven days at a temperature of two to four degrees Centigrade. Best effects were obtained by a combination of tissue therapy with injections of biochinol or penicillin. Through use of this method, 72 head of large horned cattle and nine pigs were cured of the disease. -- Ts. S. Lemberg

Card 1/1

12

DRACH, Ye.M., vet. vrach; ZINCHENKO, A.V., vet. vrach; KUTSEL', Ye. N.,

Important potential for improving mest production. Veterinaria 35 no. 7:84-85 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:7)

1. Myasokontrol'naya stantsiya Poltavskoy oblasti(for Drach).
2. Ukrainskaya adademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk(for Zinchenko). 3. Kiyevskiy oblzagotskot(for Kutsel').

(Tissue extracts)

DRACH, Ye.M., vetvrach; PETRICHENKO, V.T., veterinarnyy fel'dsher

Important potential for increasing the productivity of stock-breeding. Veterinaria 36 no.11:75-76 N '59 (MIRA 13:3)

1. Karlovskaya myasokontrolinaya stantsiya, Poltavskoy oblasti. (Serum) (Stock and stockbreeding)

DRACHANOVA, L.A.

Research in the field of the preservation of iruit and berries for use in the confectionery industry. Trudy BNI IPPT no.4:83-91 '61.

(MIRA 17:10)

TITLE: A sen No. 188765 [a proizvodstven SOURCE: Izob	sor for measuring the direction of the control of t	on and velocity of flow. Clastrial-Engineering Enterprise ye TSENTROENERGOMETALLURGPRO	(TSentral'noye	
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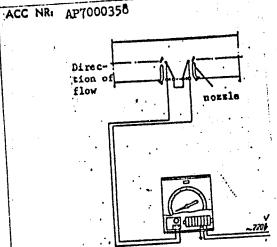


Fig. 1. Direction and velocity flow sensor.

the thermoelements (see Fig. 1). To increase its measuring accuracy by increasing the temperature drop at low speeds and high or low flow temperatures, the sensor is equipped with two nozzles for the continuous feeding of a stabilized stream of gas or liquid, which changes the temperature of one of the thermoelements. Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

SUB CODE: 14, 20/ SUBM DATE: 19Aug65/ ATD PRESS: 5108

Card 2/2

PLATONOV, Yevgeniy Vladimirovich, prof.; DRACHENKO, Boris Fedotovich, dots.; GOLOVKO, L.N., red.; UL'YANETS, A.A., tekhn.red.

[Principles of construction work] Osnovy stroitel'nogo dela. Kiev, Gosstroiizdat USSR, 1963. 243 p. (MIRA 17:3)

PRACHENCO, I. (g. Tashkent)

Flying an An-2 airplane at night. Grashd.av. 14 no.1:11 Ja '57.

(MLRA 10:4)

1. Filot-instruktor uchebno-trenirovochnogo podrazdeleniya.

(Airplanes--Piloting)

DRACHEY, A.

Electric equipment for diesel trucks. Avt.transp. 34 no.2:29 F 56. (Motortrucks--Electric equipment) (MLRA 9:7)

DRACHEV, Boris Semenovich; VADRISKIY, B.A., red.; LAVRENOVA, N.B., tekhn.

[Toward the eastern shores] K beregam Vostoka. Moskva, 12d-vo "Morskoi transport," 1961, 96 p. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Pervyy pomoshchnik kapitana parokhoda "Rodina" (for Drachev).

(Voyages and travels)

DRACHEV, D.

Short-wave radio competition on June 2d. p.5. (RADIO I TELEVIZIIA, Vol. 6, no. 7, 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 12, December 1957 Uncl.

DRACHEV,_D.

"The Place of the Radic Short-Wave Section in the Radio Club,"
p. 11 (Radio I Televiziia, Vol. 7, No. 6, 1958, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 11, Nov. 1958

DRACHEV, Gennadir Grigor'yevich; CHAPSKIY, O.U., redaktor; VODOLAGINA,

5.D., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Using storage batteries in agriculture] Ekspluatatsiia akkusuliatorov v sel'skom khosiaistve. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo selkhos. lit-ry,
(MIRA 9:7)

1956. 87 p.

(Storage batteries)

PHASE I BOOK EXSTATION

sov/2790

8(1)

Drachev, Gennadiy Grigor'yevich, and Lev Aleksandrovich Nikolayev

- Akkymulyatory podvizhnogo sostava i ikh obsluzhiveniye (Rolling Stock Storage Batteries and Their Maintenance) Moscow, Transzheldorizdat, 1959. 123 p. 10,000 copies printed.
- Ed. L.A. Nikolayev, Professor, Doctor of Chemical Sciences; Ed. (Inside book): I.A. Belyayev, Engineer; Tech. Ed.: P.A. Khitrov.
- PURPOSE: The book is intended for locomative crews and repair crews of electric locomative, Diesel-electric locomotive, and railroad car depots, who are connected with the operation of storage batteries of the railroad rolling stock.
- COVERAGE: The book describes the various types of storage batteries used in railroad rolling stock. Problems of their preparation for operation, rules for
 maintenance and repair, and also faults occurring in the operation and methods
 of their elimination are described. There is a short historical description of
 There is a short historical description of the development of storage batteries.
 The following contemporary Soviet scientists, physical chemists, and electrochemists, who contributed to the theory and technology of storage batteries are
 Card 1/5

Rollin	g Stock Storage Batteries (Cont.)	sov/2790
	tioned: V.A. Kistyakovskiy, N.A. Izgaryshev, S.V. Gothers. There are no references.	orhachev, A.N. Frunkin
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Friday, July 28, 2000

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Rolling Stock Batteries (Cont.) SOV/2790 37. Assembling storage batteries (58. Charging repaired storage batteries 121 122 (TF368.D7)

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JP/gmp 1-28-60

DRACHEV. I., Lt Col

Listed as coauthor, with Maj I. VAGANOV, of article, "The Concern Shown by Air Force Unit Komsomol Organization Over Improving the Technical Knowledge of Fersonnel," published in Fropagandist i Agititor, No 20, 1953, of the Main Political Administration, Misistry of Defense USSR. (Krasnaya Zvezda, 1 Nov 53)

SO: Sum 145, 1 June 1954

FRIDLENDER, I.G.; DRACHEW, I.P.

Fundamentals for calculating allowances for securing the functional interchangeability of machines, instruments of ineir parts. Vzaim. I tekn. izm. v meshinostr.; nauch.-tekh. sbor. no.4868-93 *64 (MIRA 18:1)

DRACHEV, Iv.

DRACHEV, Iv.

Certain difficulties in diagnosis of benign leptospirosis. Suvrem. med., Sofia 5 no.2:65-69 1954.

1. Is Garnisoniia gospital, Plovdiv. (LEPTOSPIROSIS, diagnosis,)

DRACHEV, Iv. SHISHMANOV, D.

Clinical possibilities of diagnosis of Q fever. Suvrem. med., Sofia 5 no.2:117-120 1954.

1. Iz terapevtichnoto otdelenie pri Garnizoniia gospital, Plovdiv. (Q FEVER, diagnosis,)

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ZOGRAFSKI, B.; DRACHEV, Iv.; TOLEV, Iz.; MITROVA, D.

Nutritional photodermatoses caused by herbs in Korea. Suvrem. med.,
Sofia 8 no.3:11-19 1957.

1. Iz Bulgarskata bolnitsa v Korei (Gl. lekar: d-r G Mitrov)

(SKIN DISEASES, etiology and pathogenesis,

photodernatosis caused by ingestion of herbs in Koreans (Bul))

(IIGHT, injurious effects,

same)
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TERZIEV, G.; ZOGRAFSKI, B.; DRACHEV, Iz.; MITROVA, D.; TSVETKOV, Dr.

Clinical considerations on pulmonary distomiasis in Korea. Suvrem. med. Sofia 8 no.3:19-31 1957.

1. Iz Bulgarskata bolnitsa v Koreia. (Gl. lekar: G. Mitrov)
(DISTOMIASIS, epidemiology.
lungs, in Korea (Bul))
(MUNG DISEASES, epidemiology.
distomiasis in Korea (Bul))

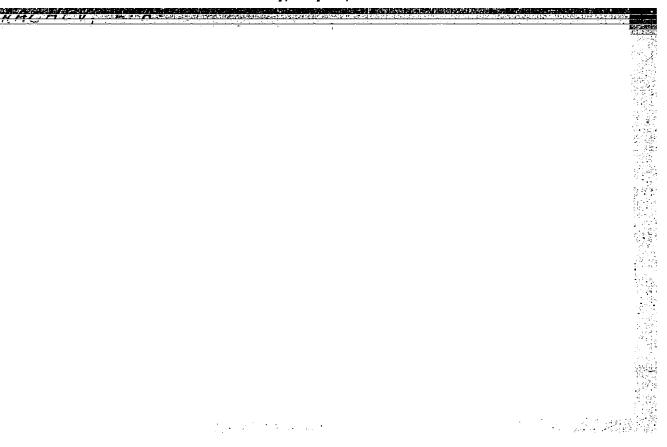
TERZITEV, G.; ZOGRAFSKI, B.; DRACHEV I.; MITROVA, D.; TSVETKOV, Dr.

Clinical aspects of pulmonery distomiasis (paragonimiasis). Klin.
med. 35 no.12:60-65 D '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Iz bolgarskoy bol'nitsy v Koreyskoy Narodnoy Demokraticheskoy
Respublike (glavnyy vrach G.Mitrov) i kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.P.Pavlova v Plavdive
(zav. kafedroy - dotsent A.Mitrov)
(DISTOMIASIS
lungs, clin. maifest. (Rus))
(LUNG DISHASES.
distomiasis. clin. aspects (Rus))

KESSENIKH, V.N.; GUSHV, V.D., redaktor; DRACHEV, L.A., redaktor.

[Propagation of radio waves] Rasprostranenie radiovoln. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo tekhniko-teoret. lit-ry, 1952. 488 p. (MLRA 7:6) (Ionospheric radio wave propagation)



DRAChev, L.A.

Drachev, L.A., and Berezin, Yu.V.

109-10-2/19

· LITLE:

AUTHORS:

Influence of the Large Irregularities of the F2-layer on its Radio Wave Reflection Coefficient (Vliyaniye bol'shikh neodnorodnostey sloya F2 na koeffitsiyent otrazheniya radiovoln)

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1957, Vol.II, No.10, pp. 1234 - 1239 + 1 plate(BSB)

ABSTRACT: A strict solution of the problem of the reflection of radio waves from a horizontally non-homogeneous, ionospheric layer is rather complicated, but it is possible to make a quantitative estimate of the amplitude and phase of the reflected wave by means of a comparatively simple theory. For lected wave by means of a comparatively simple theory. For lected wave is determined by the length of the ray and the amplitude wave is determined by the length of the ray and the amplitude is given by the curvature of the surface at the point of the reflection. The reflecting surface is in the form of a sinus-reflection. The reflecting surface is in the form of a sinus-oidal cylinder, described by Eq.(1) where h is the average height of the reflecting surface, a is the amplitude or the vertical dimension of the irregularity, p = 2\pi/\times is the wave number and \times is the horizontal dimension of the irregularity. Under the above assumptions, it is shown that the change in Cardl/4

109-10-2/19

Influence of the Large Irregularities of the F2-layer on its Radio Wave Reflection Coefficient.

the distance between the observation point and the reflection point of the n-th ray at $\Delta r_n = r_n - h$, is expressed by:

$$\frac{\Delta r_n}{a} = \sin \xi + \frac{\chi}{2} \cdot \cos^2 \xi \tag{2}$$

where $\xi = p(x + x_0)$ and $\chi = ap^2h$. On the other hand, the relative change in the amplitude of the reflected wave is expressed by:

(4) $A_1 = \frac{1}{1 + \chi \sin \xi}$

From Eqs. (2) and (4), it is possible to determine the phase and the amplitude of the field at the observation point. The amplitude of the second reflection is also of some interest, but amplitude of the second fellowing where the radius of this can only be determined at the points where the radius of curvature of the reflecting surface is $0 = \pm \frac{1}{2}$. Card 2/4

109-10-2/19 Influence of the Large Irregularities of the F₂-layer on its Radio Wave Reflection Coefficient.

The above theory was checked experimentally by means of an equipment which permitted the simultaneous measurement of the phase and the amplitude of the primary and secondary reflected signals. The amplitudes could be measured with an accuracy of about 10%, so that the reflection coefficient could be determined with an accuracy of 20%. The experimental observations of the two amplitudes and the phase were recorded photographically (see Fig.3). From the analysis of the above, it was found that 8% of the maxima of the amplitudes of the first reflection and 92% of the amplitude maxima of the secondary reflection coincided with the maxima of the phase displacement. The calculated reflection coefficient gives values ranging from 0.25 to 5.4. Where the reflection coefficient was greater than unity, the phase variation was a maximum (85% of the cases). This seems to indicate that such anomalous values of the coefficient are due to large irregularities. There are 5 figures and 5 references, 1 of which is Slavic.

ASSOCIATION: Physics Faculty of the Moscow State University imeni
M.V. Lomonosov. (Fizicheskiy Fakul'tet Moskovskogo
Card 3/4 gosudarstvennogo Universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova)

109-10-2/19

Influence of the Large Irregularities of the F2-layer on its Radio Wave Reflection Coefficient.

SUBMITTED: July 5, 1956.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 4/4

GUSEV, V.D.; VINOGRADOVA, M.B.; DRACHEV, L.A.; MIRKOTAN, S.P.

Study of the heterogenous of the structure of the ienosphere.

Vest. Mosk.un. Ser.mat.mekh.astron. fiz. khim. 12 no.4:129-136

157. (MIRA 11:5)

l.Kafedra rasprostraneniya, izlucheniya i kanalizatsii elektromagnitnykh voln Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta. (Ionosphere)

SOV/120-58-2-15/37

AUTHOR: Drachev, L. A.

TITIE: Measurement of Variations in the Phase Path of a Signal Reflected from the Ionosphere (Izmereniye variatsiy fazovogo puti signala, otrazhennogo ot ionosfery)

PERIODICAL: Pribory i Tekhnika Eksperimenta, 1958, Nr 2, pp 56-61 (USSR)

In Ref.l a description is given of a method of studying irregularities in the ionosphere by recording variations in the phase path of a signal reflected from the ionosphere. In ABSTRACT: the present paper the apparatus used for this purpose is described. The block diagram of the apparatus is shown in Fig.1. The emitted radio pulse is produced by a master generator working in conjunction with a power amplifier and a modulator. The master generator works continuously which is necessary in order to obtain a standard voltage relative to which the phase of the reflected signal is measured. The output of the master oscillator is amplified by a wide-band amplifier. The powerful radio pulse thus produced is radiated by an antenna connected to the output of the amplifier. The signal reflected

Card 1/3

SOV/120-58-2-15/37

Measurement of Variations in the Phase Path of a Signal Reflected from the Ionosphere.

from the ionosphere is received by the same antenna and after amplification is fed into a phase comparison circuit into which the output of the master oscillator is also applied. Since the carrier of the received signal is reduced to intermediate frequency it is necessary to reduce the output of the master oscillator to the same frequency by means of a heterodyne so that the phases of the two signals can be compared. The phase comparison circuit is shown in Fig.2. The circuit of the power amplifier is shown in Fig.4 and the circuit of the receiver in Fig.5. Fig.6 shows the pulse shaping cir-The master generator employed in the transmitting part is of type GSS-6. The wide-band amplifier has a symmetrical output loaded with a rhombic antenna with a wave impedance of 600 ohms. Maximum power output at a working frequency of 3 megacycles/sec is 3 kilowatts, the repetition frequency being 50 cycles/sec and pulse length 150 µsec. The receiver has a working range of 1-18 megacycles/sec. The reflected and standard pulses are displayed on a screen of an oscilloscope.

Card 2/3

SOV/120-58-2-15/3?

Measurement of Variations in the Phase Path of a Signal Reflected from the Ionosphere.

Under best conditions statistical phase fluctuations may be measured to within 1°. There are 7 diagrams and 2 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy fakul'tet MGU (Department of Physics of the Moscow State University)

SUBMITTED: July 9, 1957.

Card 3/3 1. Signals--Analysis 2. Ionosphere--Reflective effects

MIRKOTAN, S.F.; DRACHEV, L.A.

Studying large scale inhomogeneities in the ionosphere by the phase method. Mezhdunar.geofiz., od no.4:56-57 158.

(MIRA 11:11)

(Ionospheric research)

CIA-RDP86-00513R0004111100 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Friday, July 28, 2000

3(6), 3(7) SOV/20-123-5-13/50

AUTHORS: Gusev, V. D., Drachev, L. Mirkotan, S. F., Berezin, Yu. V.,

Kiyanovskiy, M. P., Vinogradova, M. B., Gaylit, T. A.

TITLE: The Structure and the Motions of Large-Scale Inhomogeneities in the Ionosphere Layer F, (Struktura i dvizheniya krupnykh

neodnorodnostey v ionosfernom sloye F2)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 123, Nr 5, pp 817-820

(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors invented an integral phase method for the re-

cording of great inhomogeneities and their motions. This method is free from the deficiencies of other methods and con-

sists of the recording of the variations of the phase way of the reflected signal. For small inhomogeneities, these variations are of the order 2π, and for large-scale inhomogeneities - of the order 40 - 200 π . This method has a high precision (which amounts to dozens of meters) and a high resolving power. This permits the use of statistical methods

in the investigation of large-scale inhomogeneities. The

Card 1/4 apparatus for the recording of phase variations consists

SOV/20-123-5-13/50 The Structure and the Motions of Large-Scale Inhomogeneities in the Ionosphere Layer F₂

of receiving and transmitting ionosphere stations with phase indicators and photoindicators. The phase variations are recorded on a cinematographic film. The authors used 3 recording apparatus placed in 3 points of the Earth's surface, these points formed a triangle of 30 - 40 km side length. In each of these points the variations of the phase of the reflected signal were recorded. In this way, the authors found a regular smooth curve for $\varphi_{p}(t)$ on which random-character variations $oldsymbol{arphi}$ (t) (which are due to the presence of inhomogeneities and their motions in the ionosphere) are superimposed. The term $\varphi_{p}(t)$ is due to the variation of the height distribution of the ionization of the ionospheric layers from day to night. A suitable utilization of the results permits a separation of g and g. (These 2 quantities are not exactly defined in this paper). An analysis of the behavior of $\varphi(t)$ gives data concerning the dimensions, the shape, and the motions of the inhomogeneities. The following parameters were found: The velocity V_d of the horizontal drive in the ionosphere and

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SOV/20-123-5-13/50

The Structure and the Motions of Large-Scale Inhomogeneities in the Ionosphere Layer F2

its direction which is determined by the angle 5; the average shape of the ionosphere inhomogeneities which is determined by the "characteristic ellipse"; the radius of correlation and the spatial dimensions of the inhomogeneities Δ ; the time of spreading $\tau_{_{\hbox{\scriptsize C}}}$ or the parameter of spreading δ of the inhomogeneities. By analysis of the variations of the phase and of the rate of phase variation the direction of the reflected radiowaves could be determined. The correlation functions were calculated by means of an electronic computer of the type "Strela". All the above-discussed results concern the layer F2; they were found from May 1956 to October 1957. The large-scale inhomogeneities have a distinctly anisotropic shape; the dimensions depend on the direction . Numerical values are given for the dimensions of the inhomogeneities. The values of V_d are within the interval 0 - 40 km/min, and most frequently the values 8 - 10 km/min are found. The values of $V_{\underline{d}}$ increase only slightly from night to day. Because of

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SOV/20-123-5-13/50

The Structure and the Motions of Large-Scale Inhomogeneities in the Ionosphere Layer \mathbf{F}_2

the presence of inhomogeneities in the ionosphere, the normal to the front of the reflected wave deviates from the vertical direction. For δ and τ_c the average values $\delta\sim 0.3$ (day) and $\delta\sim 0.58$ (night) and τ_c were found. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 6 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova

(Moscow State University imeni M. V. Lomonosov)

PRESENTED: July 18, 1958, by N. N. Bogolyubov, Academician

SUBMITTED: July 17, 1958

Card 4/4

89772

5/169/61/000/002/026/039 A005/A001

9.9110 (also 1041, 1046)

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, 1961, No. 2, p. 42, # 20295 Gusev, V. D., Mirkotan, S. F., Drachev, L. A., Berezin, Yu. V.,

AUTHORS:

Kiyanovskiy, M. P.

TITLE:

Results of the Investigation of the Parameters of Large-Scale Inhomo-

geneities of the Ionosphere by the Phase Method

PERIODICAL: V sb.: "Dreyfy i neodnorodnosti v ionosfere", No. 1, Moscow, AN SSSR,

1959, pp. 7-21 (English summary)

The method of measuring and processing the materials of observations of the large-scale inhomogeneities in the F2-layer of the ionosphere is described in detail. The time variations of the phase of the pulse signal reflected by the F2-layer of the ionosphere were recorded by three spaced stations. The records are being processed by the correlation method with electronic computers. The following inhomogeneity parameters were determined; apparent drift speed V', characteristic speed V c, the speed of characteristical ellipse, which speed vd, the parameters of the so-called characteristical ellipse, which determine the anisotropy degree of inhomogeneities, their dimensions and time of

Card 1/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041111001 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Friday, July 28, 2000

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5/169/61/000/002/026/039

Results of the Investigation of the Parameters of Large-Scale Inhomogeneities of

"broadching", and parameter V Vd allowing the estimation of the part of the chaotic variations. The results are presented of investigations in the period from January 1957 to May 1958. It is shown that inhomogeneities in the horizontal direction are anisotropic; the direction of the larger dimension (the major axis of the characteristical ellipse) approximately coincides with the meridian; the average ratio of the major and minor dimensions (the eccentricity of the ellipse) is about 2; this value and the direction of the major axis are nearly independent of the time during 24 hours; the average value of the major axis is about 500 km by night and about 200 km by day. The values of drift speed of inhomogeneities mostly found are 8 - 10 km/min; the direction of drift is: in the evening and by night northward, by day and in the morning southward. The "broadening" of inhomogeneities proceeds more rapid by day than by night. The speed of chaotic variations V_C exceeds the drift speed on the average by 1.5 times. A comparison is carried out of the results obtained with the values formerly known. It is shown that the characteristics of the large-scale and small-scale inhomogeneities (anisotropy, drift, chaotic variations) agree with each other, which points out

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89772

S/169/61/000/002/026/039

Results of the Investigation of the Parameters of Large-Scale Inhomogeneities

the possibility of the connection and common origin of the processes controlling the formation and motion of all inhomogeneities in the ionosphere. There are 15 references.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 3/3

BENDRIKOV, G.A.; KRASNUSHKIN, P.Ye.; REYKHRUDEL, P.M.; POTENKIN, V.V.;

MUSTEL, Ye.R.; RZHEVKIN, K.S.; IVAHOV, I.V.; EHAHLANOV, A.A.;

TIKHOHOV, IU.V.; STREIKOVA, L.P.; KAPTSOV, L.N.; ORDANOVICH,

A.Ye.; KHOKHLOV, R.V.; VORONIN, E.S.; BERESTOVSKIY, G.N.; KRASNOPEVTSEV, Yu.V.; MINAKOVA, I.I.; YASTREBTSEVA, T.B.; SEMENOV, A.A.;

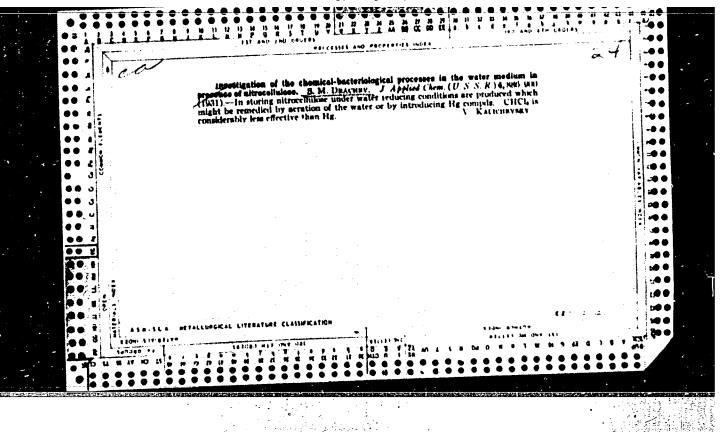
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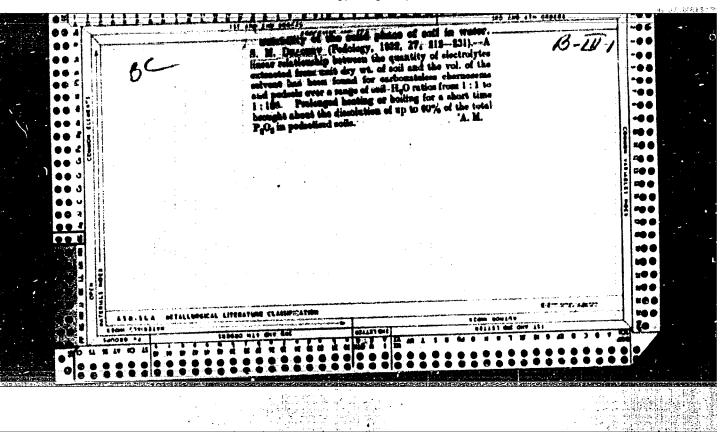
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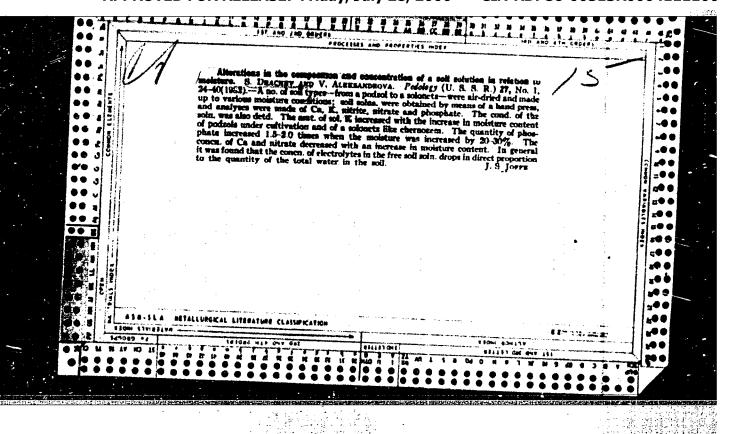
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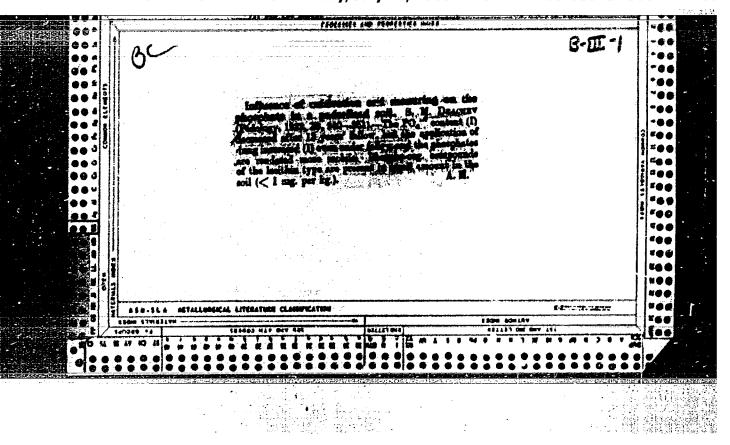
[Special physics practicum] Spetsiel'nyi fizicheskii praktikum. Moskva, Isd-vo Mosk, univ. Vol.1. [Radio physics and electronics] Radiofizika i elektronika. Sost. pod red. G.V. Spivaka. 1960.

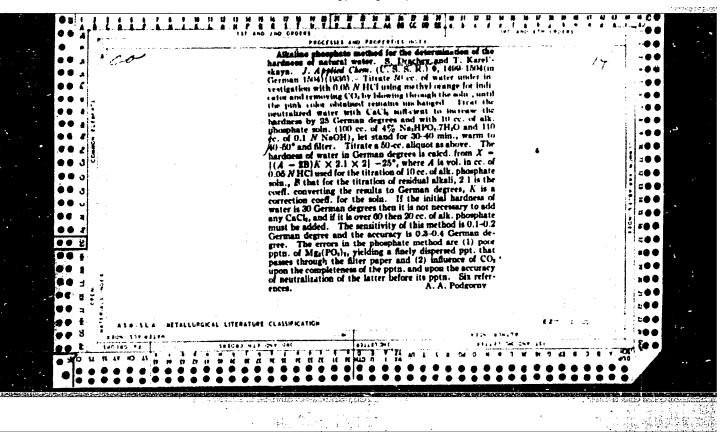
1. Professorsko-prepodavatel'skiy kollektiv fizicheskogo fakul'teta Moskovskogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova (for all except Spivak, (Radio) (Electronics)

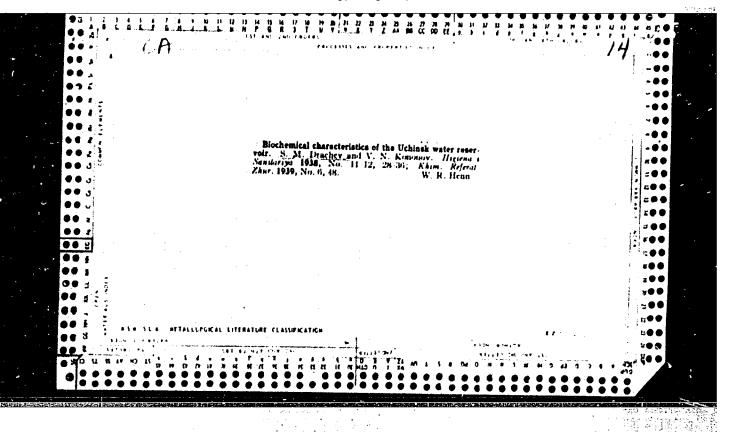


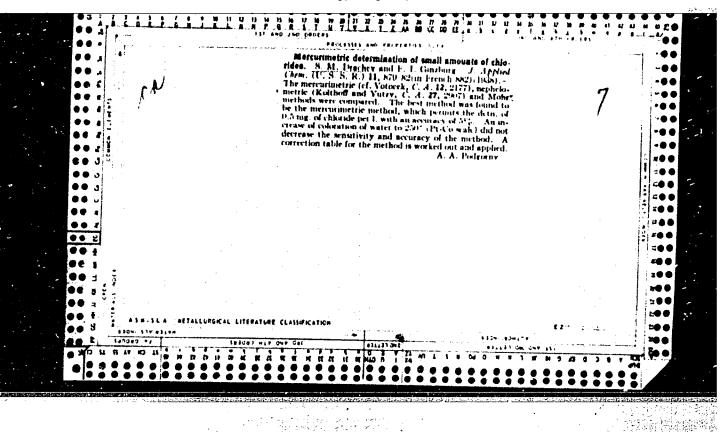


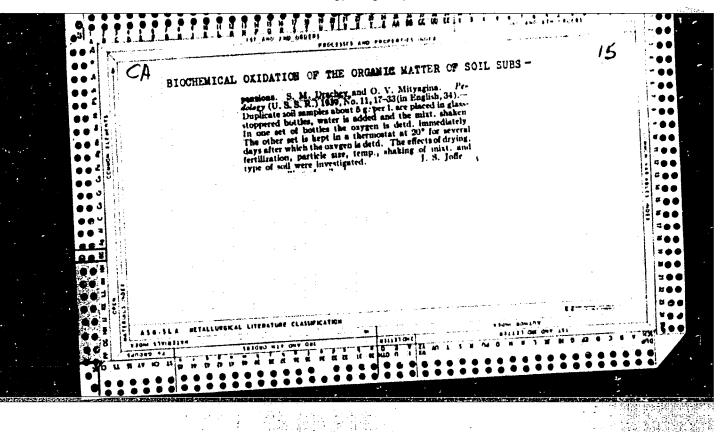


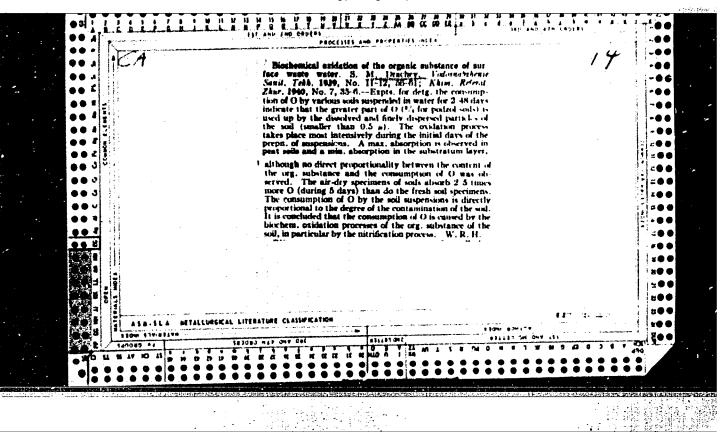


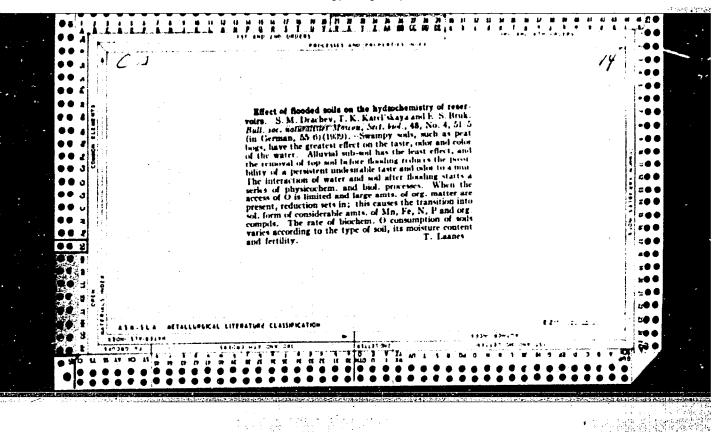


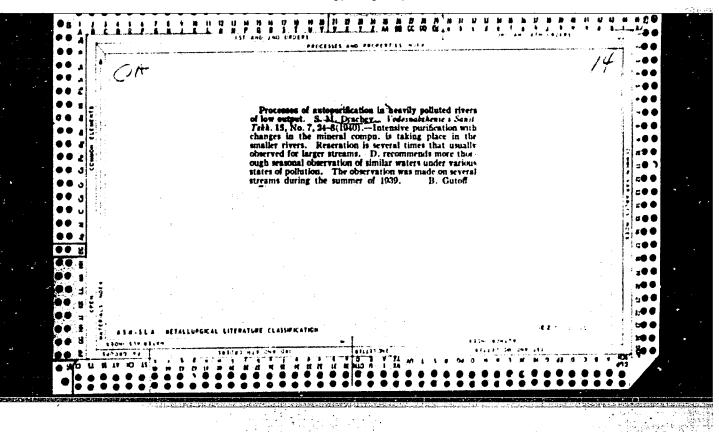


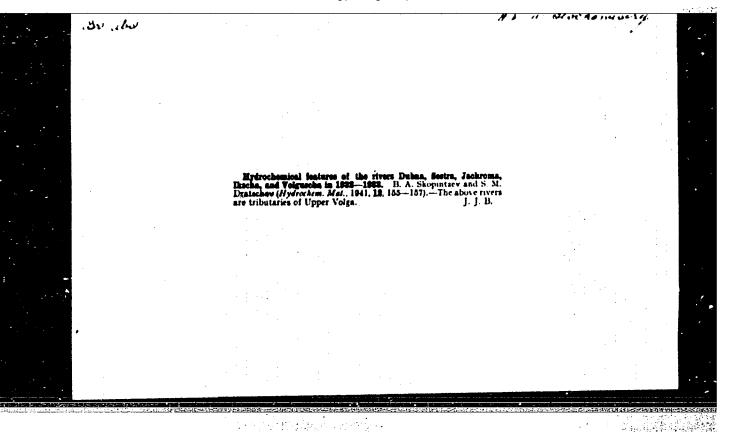


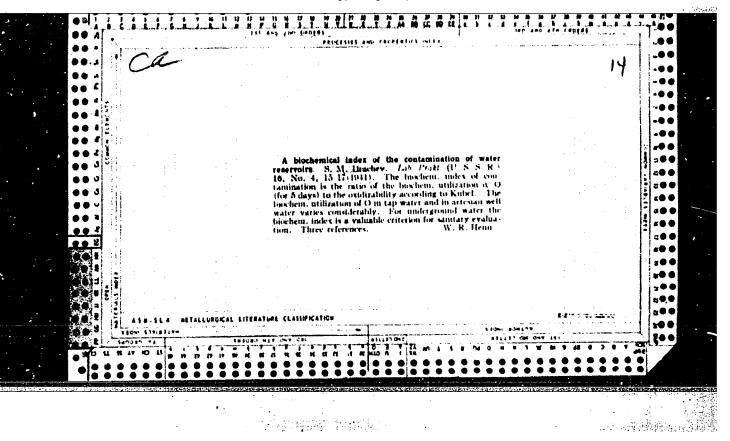


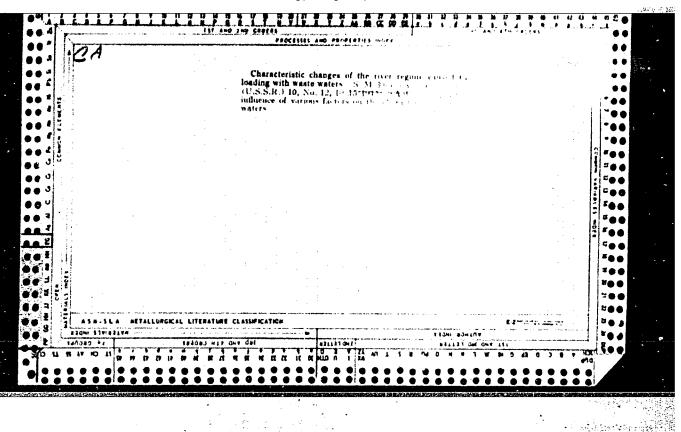


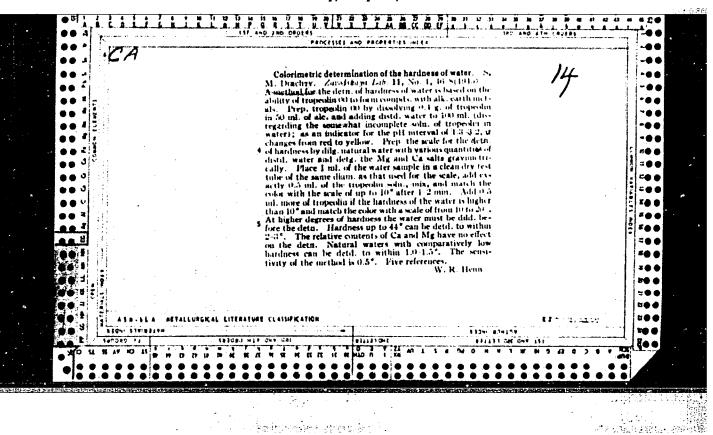












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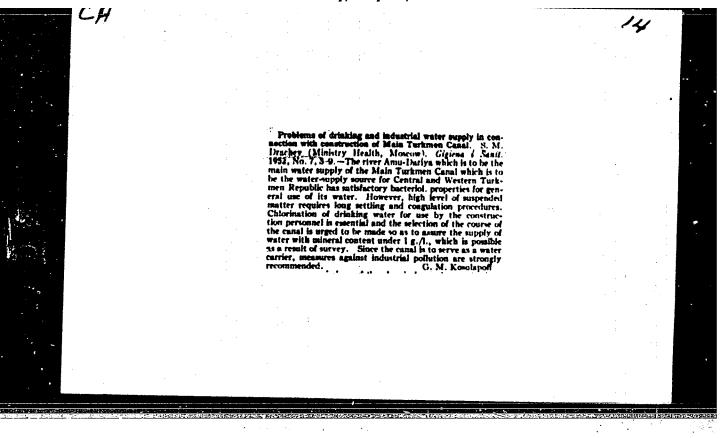
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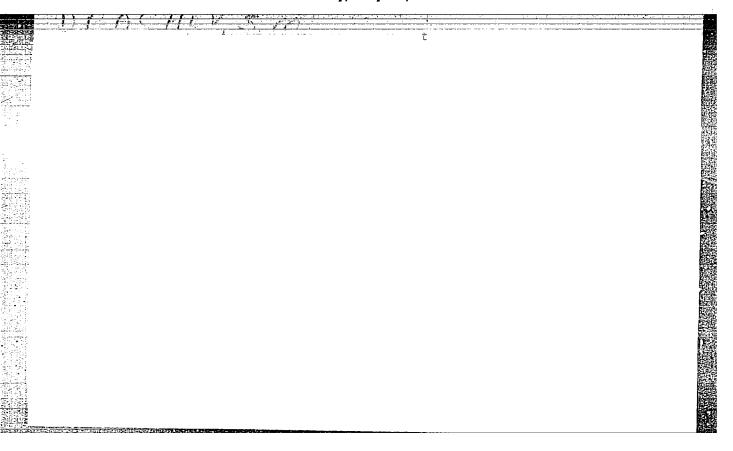
USSA/Medicine - Eygiene and Sanitation Jul 50
Water, Analysis

"Field Laboratory for Sanitation Analysis of Water
in Field Conditions," Prof B. M. Drackey, B. D.
Zamyslova

"Gig i San" No 7, pp 45-48

Describes field kit for analysis of water in
reservoirs and ponds. Kit is equipped to determine color, chemical content, etc. Includes
3 photographs and drawing.





DRACHEY, S.M.; SOSUNOYA, I.N.

Conversion of organic matter in a polluted river having a regulated flow. Trudy Gidrobiol.ob-va 5:109-117 '53. (MLRA 7:5)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy sanitarnyy institut im. F.F. Erismana. (Fresh-water biology)

DRACHTY

FD-1525

USSR/Medicine - Conferences

Card 1/1

: Pub 122-10/14

Author

Drachev, S. M., Professor

Title

: Scientific Conference of the Institute of General and Communal Hygiene, Academy of Medical Sciences, USSR, for the study of the sanitary condi-

tion of the Canal imeni Moscow

Periodical

: Vest. AMN SSSR, 4, 57-58, Oct-Dec 1954

Abstract

: The Institute of General and Communal Hygiene, Academy of Medical Sciences, USSR, held a meeting on January 20, 1954 jointly with the workers of the Severnaya Water Supply Station of Moscow and representatives of laboratories of the Sanitation Department of the Canal imeni Moscow. State Sanitation Inspector, Ya. A. Mogilevskiy, told the delegates that the quality of water has been satisfactory and met the requirements set for centralized water supply systems by the State All-Union Standard (GOST). The conference endorsed the work of all agencies connected with maintenance of sanitary conditions and adopted a resolution indicating the expedience of making a study of the quality of water along the entire length of the canal, paying particular attention to presence of organic matter and coloration.

Institution

Submitted